Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2145] PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1799. [VOLUME XVI

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

For Port Republicain,

THE SHIP

ORONO,

Richard Stites, master,

Mounting 12 six and nine pound cannon, men answerable, burthen about 360 tons, will sail 10th inst.—For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, at Vine street wharf, or to

Thomas & John Ketland.

august 1 d10t

FOR CHARTER,

The British Letter of Marque

SHIP

LONDON,

SAMUEL ROPER, commander.

BURTHEN 330 Tons, coppered, sheathed, mounting Twenty guns, and will be ready to receive a cargo in about 14 days, for terms apply to *NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.*

WHO HAVE FOR SALE

ON BOARD SAID SHIP,

40 tons Patent Sheathing COPPER assorted from 18 to 32 ounces to the square foot.

Composition Nails, Spikes and Bolts of various descriptions.

20 4lb. guns of 4 cwt. each,
40 6lb. do. 6 cwt. do.
12 9lb. do. 12 do.
16 do, do. with carriages, 12 cwt. each.
240 crates Queens Ware, assorted,
200 tons Fine Stoved Salt,
45 do. House Coal, and a quantity of Paints

august 3 eodtf

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing SHIP

SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well suited for the streights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to

N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.

may 30. d1w3awtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 2aw

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers at No. 5 Chesnut street, the following articles, viz.

1st and 4th proof Spanish Brandy in pipes,
New England Rum in hhds,
Codfish, in do.
Tobacco, in do.
Rice in tierces,
Beef in bbls. and half bbls.
Mackarel, in do.
Spermaceti Candles in boxes,
Madeira Wine in pipes half pipes & qr. casks
Claret, in cases,
Boston Sail Duck, Nos. 1 a 2,
Russia, do. different qualities,
Russia Hemp,

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

July 5, 3taw4w

JUST RECEIVED,

From the BOSTON Manufactory,

A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes.

FOR SALE BY,

ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

Fashionable Millinery.

ELIZA M'DOUGALL,

NO. 134, MARKET-STREET,

HAS just received per ship Thomas Chalkley and Adriana, from London, an elegant assortment of the most fashionable MILLINERY, viz.

Chemille rosette FEATHERS
Fancy flowers
Black tiffany flowers
Wreaths
Pink, yellow and blue crape, full dress caes
Do. do. and do. Nelson's bonnets
Infant's pipe straw bonnets
Maid's fancy do. do.
Women's do. do. do.
Do. do. shades
Do. do hats
Fancy bugle shoe roses
Do. do. trimmings
Black, white, blue, yellow, pink and orange crape
Black, white and green gauze veils
Do. gauze cloaks

N. B. And per Harmony, just arrived, a further assortment of Millinery.

June 26 eotf.

United States. } ff.
PENNSYLVANIA DISTRICT. }

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, by the honorable the Judges of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday the 10th of August next, at 12 o'clock, at noon,

Twelve Tracts of Land,

lying on the west side of Conewango creek, in the county of Allegheny, held by warrants under act of Assembly of 3d April, 1792, issued in the following names, and containing nos. of acres annexed.

No.		acres.	perches.	
1	John Scott	418	140	bounded on the north by the York State line
2	William Scott	389	52	adjoin'g the above
3	James Scott	418	164	do do
4	Patrick Scott	422	114	do do
5	Adam Scott	429	105	do do
6	Robert Scott	406	60	do do
7	Abraham Scott	407	54	do do
8	Samuel Scott	396	115	do do
9	Edward Abbet	389	34	do do
10	Thomas Abbet	405	129	do do
11	John Abbet	408	63	do do
12	Daniel Abbet	907	—	do do

Nine Tracts of Land

On the Allegheny river, on the north and west side in Allegheny county, held by warrants under act of Assembly of 3d April, 1792, issued to the following persons, viz:

No.		acres.	perches.	
13	Jacob Weaver	402	30	bounded by the line between Nicholson's & M'Dowell's districts and the Allegheny river
14	Daniel Weaver	405	2	adjoining the last
15	Abra'm Weaver	384	155	do do
16	Richard Adlum	422	149	do do
17	Thomas Adlum	400	68	do do
18	John Adlum	407	98	do do
19	Jos'h Adlum, jr.	425	38	do do
20	Joseph Adlum	414	17	do do
21	Edward Adlum	415	48	do do

Sixty-four Tracts of Land

In M'Dowell's district north west of the river Ohio and Allegheny and Conewango creek, lying on the Allegheny river, surveyed on warrants issued to the following persons, viz.

No.		acres.	perches.	
22	Philip Weaver	423	75	adjoining the afore described warrants to Jacob Weaver
23	John Rous	451	61	adjoin'g the above
24	Daniel Long	412	73	do do
25	John Long	406	124	do do
26	William Long	422	15	do do
27	Jacob Beishong	406	93	do do
28	John Beishong	425	78	do do
29	Jacob Keller	403	12	do do
30	Daniel Keller	434	133	do do
31	Leonard Keller	407	50	do do
32	John Keller	405	100	do do
33	John Spangler	429	112	do do
34	Jacob Spangler	435	90	do do
35	Rudo'h Spangler	431	9	do do
36	John Kertman	414	7	do do
37	Henry Kertman	412	92	do do
38	Peter Kertman	400	126	do do
39	Isaac Kertman	402	47	do do
40	Jacob Kertman	419	163	do do
41	Henry Bozer	402	90	do do
42	William Bozer	403	27	do do
43	Samuel Tolbert	413	130	do do
44	John Tolbert	427	25	do do
45	Patrick Tolbert	400	52	do do
46	William Tolbert	413	98	do do
47	Robert Tolbert	444	9	do do
48	Will'm Roberts	409	133	do do
49	Will'm Murray	436	11	do do
50	Samuel Murray	393	79	do do
51	James Murray	417	—	do do
52	Michael Forrest	437	44	do do
53	John Forrest	413	8	do do
54	Philip Forrest	410	109	do do
55	Adam Forrest	419	36	do do
56	George Foust	403	—	do do
57	William Est	400	—	do do
58	Adam Est	426	—	do do
59	Reymond Custis	417½	—	do do
60	William Custis	406¾	—	do do
61	James Custis	413¾	—	do do
62	Richard Custis	401	—	do do
63	Jacob Lewis	391¾	—	do do
64	Peter Lewis	434½	—	do do
65	Robert Lewis	407½	—	do do
66	Pasdial Lewis	424½	—	do do
67	Samuel Ingram	431½	—	do do
68	James Ingram	395½	—	do do
69	William Ingram	452	39	do do
70	John Ingram	416	142	do do
71	John Shevely	432	15	do do
72	Peter Shevely	463	85	do do
73	George Gill	422	51	do do
74	William Gill	—	—	do do
75	James Gill	—	—	do do
76	John Gill	—	—	do do

Seized and taken in execution as the property *William Blount*, Esq. and to be sold by

WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal.

Marshal's Office,
Philadelphia, Aug. 1, '99 } dt10A

FOR SALE,

A variety of Lots, many of them very advantageously situated north of the city of Philadelphia, in different parts of the Land known as the Estate of the late William Martin, Esq—many of the lots afford valuable sites for Country seats, not excelled by any within the same distance of the City, other lots are well adapted for Garden Grounds, Pasture &c. a third description is well calculated for buildings fronting upon Frankford road, Second, Third, and Fourth streets continued to the German Town Road, and also on Cross Roads designed to be laid out from Fourth Street to Turners Lane, to which the property extends—For further particulars, application to be made to

NICHOLAS HOLYDAY.

on the Premises westward of Fourth Street.

8 july dtf.

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Insolvent Debtors, in the county of Sussex, are to meet the Assignee at the Court-House in said county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M. in order to make a dividend of said Insolvent's estate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, assignee.

june 25

TO-MORROW MORNING,

AT WALNUT-STREET WHARF,

WILL COMMENCE,

The LANDING of the CARGO

Of the SHIP CAMILLA,

Captain ROBERTS, direct from Canton,

Consisting of the following

GOODS;

—*VIZ.*—

Bohea Tea, in whole half and quarter Chests,
Hyson,—Hyson skin—Souchong & Imperial Teas, in quarter Chests.
Nankeens, yellow and white of different lengths,
Lutestrings,
Taffaties,
Sattins,
Senshaws,
Shawls,
Handkerchiefs,
Sewing Silk,
Hair Ribbon,
Fans,
Umbrellas,
Boxes of Painter's Colours,
Dining and Tea China of various patterns, well assorted &c. &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY

EDWARD DUNANT,
No. 149, South Front-Street.

WHERE MAY ALSO BE HAD,

Spermaceti Candles in Boxes,
Writing, Printing & Wrapping Paper,
A few packages of Calcutta and Madrass Goods, Consisting of Patna, Chintz, Black Persians, Barhar & Madrass Handkerchiefs.

july 31 ¶ 4t

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres —Apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal { COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

LANDING.

From on board the DOROTHEA, at Willings and Francis's wharf, and for SALE by the subscribers,

An assortment of

GERMAN LINENS,

—CONSISTING OF—

Estopillas	Guingas
Platillas Royales	Dowlas
Brown Platillas	Crees à la Morlaix
Bretagnes	Silesia white Reols
Rouanes	Warendorp linen
Checks & Stripes	Table Linen
Lestadoes	Linen fit for coffee bags
Bielefield Linen,	Pocket handkerchiefs

LIKEWISE,

German broad Cloth 50 hhds. claret
Thread 1200 demijohns
French silk Stockings 155 liquor cases
Swedish Iron 300 cases claret
12 pipes Holland Gin.

ON HAND,

Russia Bristles,
English Sail Cloth,
St. Petersburgh Hemp,
English Silk Goods—consisting of Satins, Ribbons, Persins, &c.

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMANN,
113, south Third street.

june 26 dtf

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand

Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

TO BE SOLD BY

JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Old Port Wine, in Pipes, Hhds. and quarter casks,

Also Landing at their Wharf

From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.

Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.

june 25 §

THE PARTNERSHIP

TRADING under the Firms of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WALN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.

7 mo. 13th d3m

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,

FOR SALE BY

Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799 §

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933, in the name of Julia Wadsworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of said certificate; and all persons concerned are desired to take notice. CLEMENT BIDDLE.

may 23 d3m

IRISH LINENS.

A good assortment of

4-4 & 7-8 wide Irish Linens,

in half boxes,

Some of which are very fine—also, a few bales 3-4 & 7-8 brown & half bleached Dowlas, Suitable for the St Domingo trade, and entitled to drawback.

Which will be disposed of on reasonable terms by the package.

JAMES CLIBBORN & ENGLISH,
No. 13, south Front street.

july 19 tu t sa tf

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.

Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street

In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.

Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, }
May 1. } §

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Mess'rs *FOOTMAN & CO.* have assigned all their property both real and personal, to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of their creditors; Therefore all persons who are indebted to said firm, or to Richard Footman, or Richard S. Footman, prior to the 23d March, 1799, are requested forthwith to make payment or they will be immediately put in suit, and those who have claims against them are desired to exhibit them properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

SAMUEL PRICE, } *Assignees appointed by the Court.*
SAMUEL VORKE, }

Philadelphia, July 31, 1799. d1m

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAVING been appointed administrator to the estate of the rev. JOHN WADE (deceased) late of New Jersey—

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and those who have any demands against the same, to render their accounts without delay, properly attested

Edward Thompson,
no. 134, Market street

july 13 d2m

TO BE LET,

Possession to be given on the 26th August,

A convenient Three Story Brick House,

SITUATE in Spruce between Second and Third Street; apply at No. 110 South Second Street

july 18 dt

TO LET,

And possession given the 7th of next month

A Three story Brick House,

with a good kitchen and cellar, in Second-street near to the New market. Enquire of

THOMAS GREEVES,
No 73 Walnut-street.

july 23. 3taw2w¶

Unseated Lands in Luzerne County.

THE owners of unseated lands in Luzerne county (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the year 1796, are paid into the hands of General Lord Butler, County Treasurer, on or before the 20th day of August next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs.

John Phillips,
John Jenkins } County Commis'rs
Thomas Wright

Commissioners' Office, }
Wilkesbarre, July 1, '99 } (16) dt20A

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE owners of Unseated lands in FAYETTE COUNTY (Penn.) are hereby notified, that unless the taxes due on said lands for the years 796, 1797 and 1798, are paid into the hands of General Ephraim Douglass, County Treasurer, on or before Thursday the 19th day of September next, they will be advertised for sale as the law directs

Caleb Mounts,
James Allen.
John Fulton, } County Commis'rs

Union Town, June 5, '99. (14) d3m

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of Woodruff and Thomson, late merchants of this place, insolvent debtors, are hereby requested to take notice, That the subscribers will attend on the 1st Monday in January next, in the year 1800, at John Johnson's inn, in this town, for the purpose of making the first dividend of their estate.

JOHN JOHNSON, }
EDW. SHARP, } Assignees.

Newton, Sussex county, }
New-Jersey, June 26, '99 } july 9 d1m

LAW BOOKS.

Latest Editions.

GEORGE DAVIS

BEGS to let his Professional Friends and the Gentlemen of the Bar generally, through the United States, know, that his BOOKS are just arrived in the Henrietta from Dublin, comprising a collection of the greatest variety and value, and exceeding any former importation.

His Catalogues, so soon as prepared, shall be furnished Gentlemen as heretofore; and in the mean time he requests the favor of their early orders.

july 25 eod1w

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,

Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,

15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th August next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.

May 13. m&tu4w(dfr.12t015A)

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States bearing date 1st January 1793, in the name of Joseph Thornburgh, No. 5138, for the renewal of which application hath been made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice thereof.

ROBERT DENISON, Junr.

Philadelphia, june 11. d3m

Dissolution of Partnership in the Island of Antigua.

THE subscriber gives this Public Notice that the Partnership of Shervington and Dixon is this day dissolved. He begs leave to acquaint his Friends that he continues to carry on business in his own name and solicits a continuance of their favors

WILLIAM SHIRVINGTON.

St. John (Antigua,) May 16. (July 5) d1m.

Eighty Dollars Reward,

BROKE out of the PRISON for the City and County of Philadelphia, on the Night of the 31st July, 1799. the following described felons.

DANIEL HENDERSON,

An Irishman, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, full round face, dark hair, stout made, has a down look and fair complexion; was convicted in the county of Berks

CHRISTIAN SHARPE,

Alias JOHN THOMAS.

A native, of Dutch parents, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, straight well made, long visage, heavy eye brows, down look, a large head of hair, dark brown, which he wears queued down to his waist; was convicted in Cumberland county.

JOHN STRATTS,

Alias JOHN SOTO,

A Spaniard, about 30 years of age, five feet 10 inches high, well made, fair complexion, black frizled hair, which he wears qued; was convicted at Pittsburgh.

Went off also, at the same time a certain MARTIN KNOWLES, well known in this city, who was apprehended on the day of his escape for committing a burglary at the House of J. G. Koch.—The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the above named persons at the Prison of the City and County of Philadelphia, or on being secured in any Jail in the United States, or twenty dollars for either of them.

PHILIP EDWARDS, *keeper.*

Philadelphia Prison, august 3. eod3w

WANTED,

A SITUATION in a Compting-house in this city, or a birth to go to the West-Indies, or any other part, as supercargo, agent or clerk, by a *YOUNG MAN*, who speaks the French language, is acquainted with business, and can adduce satisfactory testimonials as to his ability and character.

A line directed to A. B. and left at this office will be punctually attended to For further particulars enquire of the printer.

july 18 eo6t

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, south Front street, where he intends carrying on his business as formerly, and has on hand a complete assortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Musk-rat Skins,

With a complete assortment of FURS, always for sale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete assortment of

Fashionable English Hats,

Which he now offers for sale at very reduced prices.

ju... 29 1aw6m

FOR SALE

By SIMON WALKER,

Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed

ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;

Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;

Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;

English Cannon Powder;

Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;

6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;

6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.

9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.

Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,

Tauntan Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.

march 8. 2aw3t

Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

August 1, 1799.

THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of THIRTY DOLLARS on each Share of the Stock of this Company for the last half year, which will be paid to the Stock holders or their legal representatives after the 10th instant.

JAMES S. COX, *President.*

August 1. dtf.

AT a court of common pleas held at Union town for the county of Fayette, the fourth Monday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, before the Judges of the same court—

On the petition of JOHN WILSON, praying that the act of Assembly providing that the person of a debtor shall not be liable to imprisonment after deliveriug up his estate for the use of his creditors, may be extended to him; the court appoint the first day of next term to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give his creditors public notice hereof in Fenno's Philadelphia paper and in Yunt and Brown's Baltimore paper, for one week, ending at least four weeks before the day of hearing, and that he also give to John Gillespie and Jacob Airkart personal notice in writing to be served at least fifteen days previous to the hearing.

By the court,

EPHRAIM DOUGLASS, Proth'y

augnst 2 d6t

AT a special meeting of the Board of property in Lancaster, June 24, 1799.

Present,

Daniel Brodhead, Sec. Gen. } *of the Land*
John Hall, Secretary, } *office.*
Francis Johnston, Reg. Gen. }

The petition of Thomas Stewardson on behalf of himself and the other trustees for the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, bearing date Philadelphia, 5th Month 17th 1799, stated as follows, viz. That a certain John Collins had in consequence of fraudulent deeds poll, obtained patents for two certain tracts of land, one situate in the county of Northumberland, surveyed to Samuel Caldwell in pursuance of a warrant dated in 1774; and the other situate now in Luzerne county, surveyed to said Caldwell by a warrant also dated in 1774—and requested that patents might be granted, for the said tracts, to William Cramond, Edward Tilghman, John Ashley, and Thomas Stewardson, trustees of the estate of Samuel Caldwell, surviving partner of James Meese, as the said two tracts were part of the estate of Meese and Caldwell.

Whereupon the Board having considered the same, ordered that at least sixty days notice be given in one of the Philadelphia newspapers, and in the Lancaster Journal to the said Collins or his assigns, to appear before the Board on the first Monday in October next, to shew cause if any he or they have, why patents should not issue for the said two tracts to the said trustees agreeably to the prayer of the said petition.

A true copy

For JOHN HALL, Esq.
Sec'ry of Land Office.
N. LUFBOROUGH.

july 8. dam

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale by the subscribers,

30 Tons LOGWOOD,

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMAN,
No. 113, South Third Street.

august 3 d3t

A few Hogsheads of

WHITING,

FOR SALE BY
E. SAVAGE,
No. 70, south Fourth street.

august 5 3t

To be Let, in Germantown,

To a small family,

Handsome Lodgings,

In part, furnished,

CONSISTING of a parlor and two chambers, with the use of a kitchen and cellar. Enquire at Mr. Charles Engles, in Germantown.

august 5 d1w

TO BE LET,

A Number of New Houses,

On Walnut-street, between Sixth and Seventh Streets, facing the Public Square.

THE advantageous situation of those buildings is obvious, combining a vicinity to the trading parts of the city, with a pure air, and an open prospect interspersed with trees and herbage, resembling a Country Retreat. They need only to be viewed to recommend them as desireable dwellings for respectable families; to such the proprietor means to let them cheap.—For terms apply at the office, No. 96, Arch street, or on the premises to

JOHN CREAN.

August 1. d3t.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Rendezvous at Easton, JOHN FRANTOM, a soldier in the 9th U. States regiment, 5 feet 8 inches high, blue eyes, swarthy complexion and brown hair, which he wears long and queued; he stoops much in walking, and has a considerable impediment in his speech.

At the same time SOLOMON KINNIMONT, a soldier in the same regiment; he is a handsome young man, 19 years old, 5 feet 10 and a quarter inches high, black eyes, short brown hair, fair complexion.

They were enticed to desert by two men who said they had served as marines on board the Baltimore sloop-of-war, and went off with an intenton to enlist in that service; both were in full uniform, though they will probably change their dress.

The above reward will be given for delivering the two, or ten dollars for either of them, to any officer of the ninth regiment; by

M. TILGHMAN,
1st Lieutenant 9th U. S. Regiment.

Easton (M.) Aug. 1. (5) d3w

One Hundred Dollars Reward

For the Thief, and Ten Dollars for the Horse,

STRAYED or stolen on the night of the 31st Sult. out of the Pasture of the subscriber near Frankford, a Light Bay Horse, about 15 hands high, six years old, a natural Trotter, black mane and Tail, and small snip, good carriage, thin breasted and apt to cut; any person who will prosecute the Thief to conviction shall receive the above reward or Ten Dollars to return the horse.

ISAAC W. MORRIS.

Who has for sale a genteel Coacheo with blinds.

august 2 ¶d6t.

Late and Important.

NEW-YORK, August 5.

Arrived on Saturday last, ship Boyne. captain REED, in 47 days from London.

By this vessel we have received London papers to the 10th of June, inclusive, which is three days later than any European information heretofore had from that quarter.

Conceiving the great anxiety of our Fellow-Citizens to peruse the latest information from the scene of hostilities, we hasten to lay the following extracts before them:

LONDON, June 8.

It was last night reported, and understood to be confirmed in the House of Commons, that by intelligence from Lord St. Vincent, the Brest fleet was blocked up in Toulon.

We cannot withhold our congratulations on the happy and prosperous state of public affairs. In the seventh year of the war; a war unexampled in the history of mankind, Mr. Pitt comes forward to provide for Thirty Millions of expenditure for the current year, without oppressing the poor, or checking the spirit and enterprize of trade or commerce. The following are the new modifications or taxes; and we request our readers to turn their particular attention to the account of the proceedings last night in the House of Commons, which is uncommonly interesting.

TAXES.

	£
British sugar, left for home consumption, 1,700,000 cwt, at 8d.	56,000
Clayed sugar, from British plantations, in addition to other duties, 200,000 cwt. estimated at 3s. per cwt.	40,000
British plantation sugar exported, withheld 2/6 per cwt. of the drawback, in addition to 3s. now detained on 358,000 cwt.	62,000
East India sugar exported, 76,000 cwt. at 6/6.	
Foreign plantation sugar exported, at 2/6 per cwt. on 111,000 cwt.	14,000
Refined sugar exported, 4s. per cwt. of the bounty now payable to be with held on 190,000 cwt.	30,000
Coffee exported in 1798, exclusive of Ireland, 327,000 cwt. at 4s.	65,000
750,000 Notes annually, at 2d. each, would be 62,000l. but in a matter of so much be uncertainty, suppose only	40,000
	316,000

It is supposed there are notes under 40s. circulating in the Northern countries to the amount of 400,000l. chiefly of 20s each. In Scotland it is difficult to form a probable conjecture of the number, but the amount can hardly be less than 1,000,000l. (perhaps twice as much) estimated the whole in Great Britain at 1,500,000l. and the notes to be issued once in two years, is probably moderate.

June 9.

The Hamburgh mail of the 31st arrived in town last night by express, and has brought the important intelligence of the TOTAL DEFEAT of the FRENCH ARMIES in Italy, the junction of the Imperial armies in Switzerland, &c.

After a battle which lasted 14 hours, Moreau, severely wounded, with three of his generals and 6,000 men have been made prisoners by the Russians, who left 8000 of the enemy dead on the field of battle. The following is the official account of the action, published at Milan, by General Suwarow, on the 14th ult.

"On the 13th, at 5 o'clock in the morning, the French were attcked by the Austro Russian army in their strong position between Turin and Coni. The battle was most bloody, and lasted till night. It will be one of the most memorable in history, and was ultimately terminated in our favor.

"The French have lost 8000 men killed on the field. Six thousand prisoners are already in our possession. We have 3000 men killed, and wounded. The French have lost almost all their artillery. One hundred and fifty pieces of cannon, and 200 ammunition waggons are now in our possession. Four of the enemy's generals are taken prisoners, including the General in Chief, Moreau."

A letter from Milan, of the 15th, states this account to have decided the fate of Italy. The Russians on the 14th took Valenza by assault. Alessandria, as well as Turin is now in possession. The Piedmontese peasants have occupied Mount Cenis, and thereby cut off the remnant of Moreau's army from France.

Defeat of Macdonald's army.

A letter from Berlin, of the 28th ult. states that a messenger had that day arrived from Italy, with advice that the corps of general Macdonald, which had advanced through Tuscany, for the purpose of joining the army of Moreau, had been attacked by the Austro-Russian army, near Lucca, and totally defeated, and their commander made prisoner.

Passage of the Rhine by the Austrians.

On the 22d the whole of the Imperial troops stationed at the Bregentz country crossed the Rhine between Bregentz and Feildkirch, in three columns, and, after some ineffectual opposition from the French between Wenterthur and Zurich, penetrated into the canton of Uri, where they were joined by several armed peasants—thus forming an uninterrupted communication between the armies of the Archduke and General Suwarrow.

The corps of General Nauendorff crossed the Rhine at five o'clock on the morning of the 21st, and immediately advanced his head quarters to Singen. The enemy had previously abandoned Constance, and the entire of the Southern bank of the Rhine, and retired with precipitation towards Zurich. On the morning of the 23d the Archduke, with the remainder of his army, was to cross the Rhine at Stein and Schaff hausen, and immediately to pursue the enemy.

The whole of the Cantons, of Schaff hausen, Appenzell, Uri, and Schiwltz, are now in possession of the Austrians. The position of Massena at Zurich, is, therefore, not tenable, and his retreat is opposed by the most formidable difficulties. The next mail will, we trust, bring advice of his having shared the fate of Serrurier and Moreau.

The capture of Genoa by the English, Turks and Russians, has been officially announced by Colonel Baron d'Aspers, commander of the Imperial advanced posts at Reggio, to the Regency of Modena. The report of general Angerau being made prisoner with his corps, in endeavoring to succour the place, is not confirmed.

June 10.

Our Plymouth letters by yesterday's post state, that on the 24th ult. two ships of the line sailed from Brest; that on the 31st two sail of the line lay in the Outer Road, and that another ship of the same description was towed out by numerous boats to join them, as was alledged, to proceed to Ireland.—This intelligence was brought to Plymouth by two Fishermen, who, as pilots went on board one of the French frigates, which appeared in Bantry Bay, in December 1796, supposing her to be English, and who having been considered as prisoners of war, were lately exchanged, and brought to England, on Friday last, in a cartel from Morlaix.

Expresses were yesterday sent off from the Admiralty to all the principal sea ports, for what purpose we have not been able to ascertain. Conjecture says, that an embargo is the object, either to prevent the outward bound merchantmen from falling in with the French squadron, which is stated to have lately sailed from Brest, or to guard against any intelligence, respecting the secret expedition about to take place, reaching the enemy's shore.

No advices from the Mediterranean have yet been received by Government; the reports of Lord St. Vincents having blocked up the enemy's fleet in Toulon, are therefore totally void of official foundation.

A letter from Plymouth, dated the 7th inst. says "a sloop a cartel from Morlaix, which she left yesterday morning, brings advice that the public mind is in the greatest possible state of agitation; multitudes crying out against the government, and their partizans only able to avert the threatened convulsion by entreaties to wait the operations of the fleet, which appears the last stake of the Executive Directory. The recent Conscription is most rigorously enforced, and seafaring men are daily marched, hand cuffed and thumb locked, to the ports.

From the Hamburg Mail.

MILAN, May 14.

The following letter of Field Marshal SUWAROW has been published here:

"On the 13th inst. at 5 o'clock in the morning, the French were attacked by the Imperial and Russian army in their strong position between Turin and Coni. The battle was one of the bloodiest, and lasted till night. It will be one of the most remarkable in History, and terminated at last in our favour. The French have left 8000 men slain on the field; 6000 prisoners are already in our power. We had 3000 men killed or wounded. The French have lost almost all their artillery: 150 pieces of cannon and 200 ammunition waggons are already in our possession; four of the enemy's General's are taken prisoners, among whom is the commander in Chief, Moreau."

By this battle the fate of Italy is decided, and the allies are stationed on the frontiers of France.

VERONA, May 15.

The following intelligence has appeared in print at Modena:

"The Regency make it a duty, and feel the greatest joy in publishing the letter just written by Baron d'Aspre, Colonel, commanding the army of his Imperial and Apostolic Majesty:

"To the Regency of the City of Modena.

"Gentlemen, please to publish immediately, that the English, Russian, and Ottoman Fleet, have made a descent at Genoa, and seized both that city and its harbor. That the French have evacuated Alessandria and Turin, and that Peschiera has been taken. I am eager to communicate this to you for the satisfaction of all honest people, who interest themselves in the welfare of humanity.

Signed, Baron D'ASPRES."

Reggio, May 9, 1799.

LINDAU, May 21

Yesterday morning, at one o'clock, the French left the whole valley of the Rhine, and retreated behind St. Gallen. To-morrow the bridges will be got ready, and the whole corps between Bregenz and Feldkirch will pass the Rhine, in three columns in order to join Gen Hotze, who has penetrated far into the district of Toggenburg.

Castel Nuovo de Serivia, May 12.

Several couriers have arrived here, with the pleasing information that a Turko-Russian & English fleet has landed troops at Nice.

May 14.

On the 12th a violent cannonade had taken place between the French and Austrians. Yesterday's battle was fought between Valenza, Bussignano, and Allessandria, and was extremely bloody and murderous. The French were forced to yield—The Russians carried Valenza by storm. The remainder of the French army, which is said to consist of only 8000 men, has retreated; all the rest have been killed, wounded, or taken. The Allies have lost a considerable number of men. The battle lasted fourteen hours.

LODI, May 16.

The battle near Alessandria was very violent; the Russians suffered in it, but much more the French; for Gen. Moreau left the field with scarce 8000 men.

VIENNA, May 22.

The garrison of Mantua is now said to have offered to capitulate, stipulating among other terms, permission to march out freely with all their arms. and to take a certain number of covered waggons with them. But Gen. Kray is said to have found many of these conditions inadmissible.

This moment intelligence has arrived here of a great battle which Field Marshal Suwarow has won over general Moreau. This battle has decided the fate of Italy.

BERLIN, May 28.

Intelligence has been received here, that general Macdonald's corps, which intended to effect a junction with the army under general Moreau, has been attacked by the Austro-Russian army near Lucca, and TOTALLY DEFEATED.

His Prussian Majesty has made a present to citizen Sieyes, now Director, of his portrait, set in brilliants. Talleyrand Perigord or Perrochel will, it is said, replace Sieyes in the embassy.

LINDAU, May 18.

The Austrians have already entered the canton of Uri, by Mount St. Goddard and united themselves with the inhabitants. This day Colonel Williams sailed from hence with his whole flotilla, carrying a number of troops to Bregentz. The burgh of Ragats has been burnt by the French, on their retreat from the Grison country, so that only two houses are left standing—

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 4.

Our Government has resolved to make a loan for the expence of the war, which is to be paid in ten years, with interest. The Greek Nation must contribute 1,500,000, the Armenians 1,000,0000, the Jews 800,000, and the Bankers 18,000,000 of piastres. As the Grand Vizier is on the eve of his departure, and the troops want many things, orders have been given for the Greeks to keep their shops open on holidays, and the Jews on the sabbath. But the latter got off this restraint on paying 24,000 piastres. The accounts from Syria still seem to be of a serious nature to the Porte.

BREST, May 14.

According to a letter from the Polish frontiers the following are said to be the military forces of Russia, which are now acting, or are yet to act against France;

	Men.
By the fleet of gallies	50,000
Marching through Bosnia	60,000
Marching through Hungary	11,000
Actually arrived thro' Austria in Italy	26,000
Marching through Moravia	45,000
Marching thro' Prussia, by Warsaw	80,000
Total	272,000

LONDON, June 9.

The King of Sweden, in quality of Duke of Pomerania, has, by his Minister, Baron Bildt, delivered to the Congress of Ratsbon a Note, informing the Co-estates, that he has joined the Coalition against France, and will furnish his contingent of men in natura. He exorts the members of the empire to follow his example, in rendering every possible succour to the emperor as the only means of preserving the Germanic constitution.—A great naval armament is preparing at Carlscrone.

The garrison of Mantua is stated to have made proposals of capitulation to general Kray, who had refused to accede to some articles respecting covered waggons.

The fortress of Urbano, in the Bolonese, surrendered on the 10th; and on the 12th, the Austrians entered Bologna, where they made 1200 prisoners.

General Vuckassovich has taken in Piedmont upwards of 250 pieces of cannon.

Moscati, Buonaparte's physician, and one of the Cisalpine Directors, have been sent prisoners to Milan.

The Spanish Minister to the Cisalpine Republic has been ordered to leave Milan.

Letters from the Hague, of the 25th ult. state, that in the course of the present month half of the new raised National Guards, consisting of 25,000 men, would be organized, when the troops of the line would be employed in the French service.

The French have wholly evacuated Rome, in the neighbourhood of which a formidable insurrection had broken out.

The treasures plundered from Rome, Naples, and Tuscany, by the French, are stated to have fallen into the hands of the Austrians at Parma.

The Landgrave of Hesse is forming a corps of 8000 men on his frontiers.

An article from Bombay, March 21 inserted in the Paris Papers, states the probability of an immediate war between the British and Tippoo; who, they say, has 100,000 well disciplined troops, and does not give himself the trouble to conceal his designs. He lately observed, in answer to some new remonstrances made to him by the Company, that he knew what was due to his dignity and army. Every thing annouces an approachiug rupture,—The Paris Papers speak as if the Brest fleet were going to relieve Buonaparte, and enable him to proceed to India.

From the morning Herald of JUNE 10.

The fate of Italy, if the accounts brought by the Hamburg Mail of yesterday be correct, may be considered as finally decided; but there are some considerations which induce us to entertain considerable doubts of the intelligence, notwithstanding it assumes an official shape, from Milan, under the date 14th of May. A general action is said to have commenced at five o'clock in the morning of the 13th ult. by an attack upon Moreau's position between Turin and Coni, and to have continued with the utmost fury till night, when victory at length declared in favor of the Combined arms, the enemy having lost 14,000 men, 8000 of whom were killed on the field of battle, and the remainder (including Moreau, who was wounded, and three other French generals) taken prisoners, 150 pieces of cannon, and 200 ammunition waggons, are stated to have fallen into the hands of the allies. Our reasons for suspecting the accuracy of this account are these—the advices published by Government, in the Gazette of Tuesday last, mentioned the head quarters of Suwarrow to be at Tortona on the 13th, the day on which the victory is said to be atchieved; a circumstance which renders the latter statement improbable in one point of view, and impossible in another. In the first place, the reported scene of action is near seventy miles distant from Tortona, where Suwarrow had his head quarters at the precise time the battle is stated to have been fought, and as even his outposts were not so far advanced on that day, it is highly improbable that a force sufficient to dislodge Moreau from his strong position between Coni and Turin, could, then have been collected at a distance so considerable from the main body of the Imperialists;—and in the next place, it is utterly impossible that Suwarow could have his grand army between Coni and Turin on the morning of the 13th, as the Gazette states, his head quarters were on that very day at Tortona. But, at the same time that these considerations lead us to question, the accuracy of the seemingly official account, we have no doubt that a very important victory has been obtained by the Austrio Russian army in Piedmont, and from which the above exaggerated statement had its origin. The action to which we allude, was fought on the 13th (the day already mentioned) between Valenza (about ten miles from Tortona,) which the Russians carried by storm. This battle lasted 14 hours, and the division of the enemy which escaped is mentioned as consisting only of 8,000; but it is to be observed, that it was not the main body of the French which was here engaged, Moreau being then stationed between Coni and Turin with an army of 17,000 men.—In this manner we think we may venture to account for the magnified statements from Piedmont, which however, may be considered as a national anticipation of what has probably by this time taken place.

A private letter from Milan states, that Alessandria and Turin are in the possession of the combined force, by means of the latter of which they will be able to flank Moreau on the North side, and ultimately to dislodge him from his present advantageous position.—Thus will the deliverance of Italy be rendered complete, and the miserable remains of the Republican army be forced to fly for refuge within the antient boundaries of France—With respect to the forces under the orders of General Macdonald, they are reported to have been totally defeated, and their Commander taken prisoner, near Lucca, on their way to join the army of Moreau, in Piedmont; but this account more probable, wants confirmatiou.—The capture of Genoa, by the combined English, Turks, and Russians, has been officially announced by Baron D'Aspres to the Regency of Modena and every thing continues to wear the most chearing and prosperous aspect in all directions.

The rapid successes of the Allied armies in Italy have induced the Archduke Charles to resume operations in Germany. Several divisions of his army have already crossed the Rhine at different places, and his highness was himself to pass that river on the 23d, at Stein, and Schaffhausen, for the purpose of pursuing the enemy. The position of Massena at Zurich is supposed not to be tenable, and his retreat is opposed by very formidable difficulties. The most important advices may therefore be daily expected from that quarter.—The Imperial troops have effected a junction on the lake of Cono, and thus formed an uninterrupted chain of posts from the Mediterranean to the Rhine.

By a private letter from St. Petersburgh we learn, that the free exportation of corn from Russia is again permitted.

Paris journals to the 4th inst. arrived yesterday.—A letter from Toulon, inserted in one of these papers, states, that the Spanish fleet, consisting of eighteen sail of the line, entered that harbour on the 20th ult. from Cadiz, after having had an engagement with the English fleet, in which the Spaniards claimed the victory.—This statement, however, is not only contradicted in some of the other journals, but it is even denied that the Spanish squadron had arrived at Toulon so late as the 27th. the Executive Directory not having received any advice to that effect.

An Extraordinary Gazette, containing accounts from the Combined Armies in Italy and Germany, is expected to be published this morning.

Mr. Basset and Mr. Slater were under orders on Saturday to leave England for the continent, with government dispatches; but the arrival of the Hamburgh Mail has caused them to be delayed for a day or two.

The restoration of the House of Orange will be attempted, and no doubt effected, under the British armament equipping for that purpose: transports for an army of not less than 20,000 men, with the necessary train of artillery, &c. are now preparing with all possible dispatch. The Prince Stadtholder will accompany this formidable armament in person.

Reubell, the avowed projector of the rapacious plan for the seizure of Switzerland and Italy, will probably be the first man on whom public vengeance will be wreaked in Paris; stripped of his Directorial power, and personally obnoxious to the Assembly, in which he is now so totteringly seated, there is little doubt, but that this deep-strined monster will be the first sacrifice offered up to appease the popular indignation!

The minister of Tuscany, marquis Manfredidi, is disgraced, and must quit Triell, and all the Imperial dominions. The Tuscan minister, Angiolini, is to go to Dresden.

The Spanish minister to the Cisalpine republic has been ordered to leave Milan.

Letters from the Hague of the 25th ult. state, that in the course of the present month half of the new raised national guards, consisting of 25,000 men, would be organized, when the troops of the line would be employed in the French service.

Moscari, Buonaparte's physician, and one of the Cisalpine Directors, has been sent prisoner to Milan.

The French Princess, previous to her departure from Vienna, left behind presents to the amount of 200,000 florins.

LETTER EXTRAORDINARY.

To the FRENCH DIRECTORY, on their last Overthrow in ITALY.

13th Prairial.

"*Citizen Directors!*

——"I write from the field of slaughter!—The *destinies* have dealt some stubborn blows on all around! If the enemy have not been made to bite the dust, the fault is none of mine!—We have had more than common powers to contend with!—The treachery of *Britain* has found means to combine some of *our own* ELEMENTS against us!—The *snow*, at the foot of the Alps, though frozen fifteen feet in solidity, at my command, basely yielded to the pick-axes of the *Russian pioneers*; and the *Thur*, and the *Po*, halted in their course, to give the enemy safe passage!—I *denounce* these *wayward elements*, as no longer obedient to the will of the *Great Nation!* Health, and fraternity!

(Signed) "MOREAU."

NEW-YORK, August 5.

The Chesapeake, brings London papers to the 14th June.—We have been promised, by a gentleman, a paper of the above date.

By the Rising Sun, from Newry, we have been favored with Belfast papers to the 5th June. The ship sailed from that port on the 12th of June, she brings none later, as the Newspapers printed there, has been suppressed by Government.

A gentleman passenger in the Rising Sun informs, that Ireland is in a very unsettled state; and that great fears were entertained by the friends of government of an open Rebellion.

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTANT.

A gentleman who came passenger in the Boyne, from London, has favored us with the following:

"ALL vessels leaving any port in Holland, as well as those bound there are taken, carried into England; among those captured, is the ship Ocean, Capt. Parker, from Rotterdam, belonging to Messrs. Higgins and Parsons, of Boston; also, a brig of 16 guns, from the same port, which had been taken by a French privateer and afterwards released. These vessels were claimed by the American Minister as not being involved in the consequences of a blockade, having been in Rotterdam before it took place; but this application was not likely to prove successful.

"Capt. Barret, in a ship belonging to Boston, and many others from different ports in the United States, taken for violating the blockade of the Texel, were also carried into England, and upon some principles lately established, it is supposed will be condemned."

By the same gentleman, we are informed, that a secret expedion was planning in England, in which 20,000 men were to be employed.

The Boyne, on her passage here, 10 days ago, fell in with, and brought too a schooner bound to Cape Francois, the Capt. of which informed that he had dispatches from the President of the United States, relative to the affairs of St. Domingo.

A London Paper of June 10, says:—"Our last letter from the Hague state, that there are not at this time 2000 French troops throughout the whole United Provinces."

Gen. Macdonald having promised a reward of 4000 ducats at Naples for the head of Cardinal Ruffo, the latter has offered a reward of 16,000 ducats for Macdonald's head.

From a late Dublin paper.

A French officer, that came to Ireland under Gen. *Humbert*, and who has been lurking, and no doubt organizing in this country, since that time, was on Saturday evening apprehended by Major Sirr, at a house in Ormond-market. He appeared to be much vexed at his apprehension, and cursed and swore much on his way to prison. His name is *Joseph Francis*; but he was jocularly called *Francis Joseph* among his democratic acquaintance in this country.

Left some time since,

THROUGH mistake, at the Office of the Subscriber, a bundle of YELLOW MOREEN. The owner is desired to apply for it to

SAMUEL H. SMITH.

july 29 3teod

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *AUGUST 6.*

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 3.

Six per Cent.	15/3 to 4d	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	14/4 5d	
Three per Cent.	9/	
BANK United States,	15 to 16	Advance.
—— North America,	45 to 47	Advance.
—— Pennsylvania,	14	Advance.
Insurance comp. N. A. shares	15	Advance.
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	27 to 28	Advance.
8 per Cent Stock—funded—par		
Do. Scrip with the five Instalments	2	below par
Do. the 5th Instalment only	6	below par
East-India Company of N. A. par.		
Land Warrants, 30 dolls. per 100 acres.		

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London,	51 at 30 days
	50 at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam,	35 à 37-100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 23à -100 per Mark Banco.

Commodore TRUXTON, it is said, has resigned his command in the Navy of the United States.

MR. FENNO,

I ENCLOSE a Copy of a Letter from a Gentleman in one of the Western Counties to a friend in Philadelphia. It did not come into my hands in a dishonorable manner: if you should think it worthy of insertion in your Gazette, it is at your service.

I am, Sir,

Your Humble Servant, &c.

Philad. 4th August, '99.

DEAR SIR,

I HAVE duly received your long and friendly epistle, and though I can most cordially reciprocate all the expressions of friendship which you are so kind to use towards me, yet I am obliged in candor to confess that the fears you suggest of my not joining you heartily in the succeeding election for Governor, are well founded. That you and I should differ in polical matters, could not appear more extraordinary or unlikely to you, than it once did to myself; nor have I the least objection to your proposal of making a serious examination "on which side there has been a falling off." For this purpose let us go back to the period when we are sure that we did agree: from the formation of the late Constitution of this state, until it was superseded by the present one, you and I were amongst its most zealous supporters, and were as zealously attached to those citizens or that party generally called *Constitutionalists*. What was the foundation of our agreement or attachment to the Constitution? It was the great freedom it secured to the people, and the impossibility of ever enslaving them while that form of Government was adhered to. We only feared that on some occasion when the legal powers of the Government might be found inadequate to the exigencies of the case, either in strength or promptitude of action, it would afford pretexts for overleaping the bounds of the Constitution, and that when precedent had sanctioned a measure of this kind, ambitious men might make a dangerous use of it on other occasions—although these considerations did not perfectly reconcile us to the calling of the Convention, they still made that measure as well as the present constitution more palatable to us than they would otherwise have been.

We had an aversion to those doctrines and opinions that a very strong and energetic Government was indispensably necessary, nor had we a very favorable opinion of those persons, either in or out of the Convention, that were strenuous in support of such doctrines. If there was any one of those whose haughty positiveness was more disgusting than another it was the Chief Justice, Mr. M'Kean. The records of the Convention and the recollection of every person who paid attention to the politics of the day, will witness the part he took at that time. I am sure we can never forget his conduct as Chairman of the Committee of the whole, when he could scarcely suffer any one to speak, if he did not favor his opinions, nor can we forget the handsome manner in which he was taken down by our friend Smiley, the humourous remarks made upon it, nor the entertainment it afforded to our poor friends Hutchinson and Sargeant.

You must likewise recollect, that, previous to the calling of the Convention, Mr. M'Kean not only opposed the Constitution by bellowing against it in Philadelphia, but that he and some others rode through some of the interior Counties for the purpose of making converts to his opinion. In fact, tis said, that to quiet him it was hinted that he might have the office of Chief Justice: this had the desired effect, and for a while no person was more zealous in its support than my Lord Chief Justice, but this did not last long. The Lion cannot change his skin, nor the Leopard his spots: the Constitution was too democratic for a man of his temper and disposition, and ever and anon he was shewing his dislike to it, sometimes by words and sometimes by actions, until finally he was most instrumental in its overthrow.

The present Constitution having been agreed upon by so great a majority, there seemed nothing left for parties to squabble about, except so far as might respect any particular measures of Government. It was however, generally understood, that in future elections, we should pay a particular regard to those persons whose conduct heretofore had secured our confidence, and had any one of those whom we considered as a band of brothers been proposed as a candidate for Governor, I should certainly have exerted all the interest I possess, in his favor; but I never can for Mr. M'Kean. Why, man, if he were to succeed he would infallibly destroy all the influence of those who were known to have supported him, by the intemperate conduct he would pursue. Did you ever know a man who had less command of his temper? Imprudent in the highest degree, and carried away by every gust of passion, every man who had supported him, or who felt himself interested in his behaviour, must live in a state of continual anxiety, and mark my words, if you should succeed in getting him elected, at the end of three years he would undoubtedly be turned out, and those who had put him in would not regain their influence, whilst the remembrance of his conduct would remain.

However, I can assure you that I think there is very little chance of his being elected. I have been lately through most of the Western Counties, and I almost every where heard grumblings and discontents at the conduct of their friends in Philadelphia, in forcing a man upon them so generally disagreeable. My neighbors, in fact, say they cannot consider Mr. M'Kean as a real republican in his heart. They know him to be ambitious by nature, and haughty and overbearing in his manners; and if he could have got the other party to have taken him up, he would always have looked down upon us with scorn; and if a Chief Justice-ship could not secure his attachment, neither will the chair of this state. It was said of James the first, that every thing was to be obtained from him by flattery; if the Chief Justice should be made Governor, and the other party were to tell him he ought to be made President of the United States, all would be gold that glistened in his eyes, and we should soon be thrown into the back ground.

The members of the committee who signed your circular letter are particularly execrated. I comply with your request in stating these things candidly and without reserve. I desire you to point out a single one who has not joined us from hope of office, or who has not left the other party because they would not give him all he wished. Are they not all turn-coats, except one? I must in the most pointed manner express my disapprobation of ever taking up persons for important offices, who can change their party almost as easily as they can their clothes; it is in vain that we find fault with corruptions here or there, while we behave in this manner. It is at once making the people of no account, if they are to be led up to vote for a person, whether agreeable to them or not, merely because a few would-be-great men, who want offices for themselves or their families, are determined to cram them down their throats.

Did not Mr. M. always adhere to the other party, whilst they would keep him in office, and veer about as soon as they refused to gratify his unreasonable ambition?—You remember how by his obstinacy he forced his then party to prefer him to the Vice-Presidency of the state in the room of Mr. B. whom they esteemed so much more. You must remember with what reluctance they complied.

Mr. Dallas has always behaved civil to me in his office, and I thank him. But I always considered him as a man disposed to carry his talents to the best market, and I think, considering all things, he has had a good slice of our goose pye. Some people think that, with all his cleverness, it would have shewn as much MODESTY, *considering the short time he has been in America*, if he had suffered some other person to point out to the good people of Pennsylvania, whom they should elect for Governor.

What could have tempted Samuel Miles and Tench Coxe, to set their names to a paper that said any thing about pecuniary speculations? Perhaps the word *pecuniary* is used to distinguish them from *Land-speculations*. If that is not the case they must have felt very foolish when the paper was handed them for their signature. Colonel Miles has made a pretty fortune by lands in a neighboring county, and though I have heard of nothing in his conduct, but what was reckoned (in the Sportsman's phrase) "all fair," yet Tench Coxe should have been very cautious of using any expressions about *undermining property*. "Those who live in houses of glass," &c.—you understand me.

I have heard it frequently and publicly said that Gen. Muhlenberg might brag of his being able to lead the Germans, but he should not be able to lead *them*; let those follow who could not go without a leader; for *their* parts *they* could go alone, at least *they* would never be led to vote for a man whom they do not less detest for his haughty and overbearing conduct, than they despise for his present spaniel-like behaviour.

The circular informs us that at your meeting in Philadelphia, "the selection had fallen in an *honoruble* manner on Thomas M'Kean." I suppose it ought to have been "the selection had fallen on the *honorable* Thomas M'Kean, for as to its having fallen *honorably* on him, you know and I know that it was by intrigue, *and in fact that he was forced upon yourselves*; for you found that run HE WOULD and you were afraid of a schism. But you ought not to have done so—you ought to have left him and his lacqueys to take their own course, and not suffer the people to be made a property of at every election to gratify the ambition of a haughty ——— Fill up the blank as you please.

I am obliged to close my letter in haste, but you will probably hear from me again before long.

July 24, '99.

MURDER.

A Proclamation has been issued by the Governor of Georgia, offering 100 dollars reward for apprehending Hardy Harden for the murder of Allen Womack.

By the ships Boyne and Chesepeake arrived here on Saturday from London, we have papers of that city to the 10th June.

The news which these papers contain, is said to have been contradicted before the above ships sailed—this is not to be wondered at, when we recollect that they have in England, papers devoted to the cause of France.

The ports of Holland are blockaded by the English, and neutrals are not permitted to enter; but are taken and sent into English ports, and it is said most of them will be condemned. Several American vessels had been sent in.

There was a grand expedition in forwardness—generally supposed to be destined against Holland.

The successes of the Austria-Russian army, has diffused general joy throughout England—their public stock is higher than it has been for several years—and the arts and sciences begin to assume a renovated vigor.

A Peace is spoken of by France—but Mr. Pitt justly discountenances the idea of treating with them, 'till they shall have fixed upon SOME form of government. After having been beaten in every quarter; after disappointments in raising troops for their armies; and after the frustration of their last naval expedition, they cry Peace! Peace!——But, a little more 'purging,' will probably make them more sincere in their desire for an event so much wished for—When it can be effected on SAFE and honorable terms, then their enemies will treat with them—and, it is to be hoped, not 'till then.

[N. Y. Gaz.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia.

Arrived at the Fort:—

Brig Rover, Stubbs,	New-York
Maria, Sorenson,	Hamburgh
Schr. Lisbon, Cox,	Lisbon

sailed from thence the 22d June, in company with the following vessels:—

Ship Dominick Terry, Fleming,	Philad.
Birmingham, Smith,	Baltimore
Commerce, Gardner,	do.
Harriet, ———,	Boston

United States' brig Sophia, Geddes, was to sail for Philadelphia 2 days after the Lisbon, Capt. Cox. Left there the following vessels:—

Ship Samuel Smith, Stiles, of Baltimore, 28 days from Philadelphia.

Alkridge, Planter,	Sutton
Ann, Robbins,	Baltimore
Perseverence, Lee,	New-York

Brig Ruby, Gerard, of this port, taken by the French, is re taken and sent into Lisbon—Also the snow Three Friends, of New-York.

Ship General Washington, from hence, has arrived at New Orleans.

New-York, August 5.

ARRIVED.

		Days.
Ship Boyne, Read,	*London*	47
Chesapeake, ———,	*do.*	47
Fame, Brown,	*Londonderry*	54
Rising Sun, Thompson,	*Newry*	50
Brig Huntress, ———,	*Savannah*	4
Schr. Good Intent, Smith,	*St. Croix*	14

The sch. Rebecca, Howard, from Savannah to St. Thomas is taken by a British privateer and carried into Kingston, Jamaica.

The ship Gen. Washington was going up to New Orleans, as the William came down the River.

The Ocean from Rotterdam for this port, is carried into England; and a number of American vessels from Holland.

Ship Peggy, Jeppie, has arrived at Falmouth.

Ship Henrick, Fawn, arrived at Hamburgh.

Marine articles by the ship Boyne and Chesapeake.

The ship Hetty, Neale, was to sail from London on or about the 20th June.

The ship Kenyon, Anderson, sailed in co. with the Boyne and Chesapeake—she is an English ship consigned to Wm. Kenyon.

Also in co. the ship Prosper, Williams, to James Watson, Esq. with 10,000 stand of arms for the United States.

July 18, spoke the brig Honest Friend from Baltimore to Hamburgh, out 25 days, in lat. 44, on the Grand Bank.

July 27, spoke the sch. Eagle, from Boston to Cape Francois.

July 30, spoke the sch. Commerce, from the Havannah to Boston.

Same day a schooner from George-Town, bound to Lisbon, but having sprung a leak was bearing away for Cape Ann.

The Chesapeake sailed under convoy of the British frigate Mercury, in co. with an English fleet.

The ship Rising Sun, capt. Thompson left Newry, June 10—cargo, 60 passengers.

June 17, in lat. 49, spoke the ship Charlotte, Fitch, from Liverpool to N. London.

July 13, spoke the British 20 gun ship Camilla, from St. Domingo, with gen. Maitland on board, bound home, in lat. 43, long. 44, ont 13 days.

July 20, in lat. 40, spoke the brig John Hamilton, capt. French, from London to New York, out 40 days.

July 24, in lat. 39, spoke the ship Fortitude, of Nantucket, 7 days from New-York to Dublin.

Capt. Thompson informs us, that on the 5th June, the Lord Lieutenant delivered a Speech to Parliament, proroguing that house, wherein he urged the necessity of the Union, and quoted the resolutions of the British Parliament in its favour, with the approbation of the King annexed. Captain T. had this important Speech, but gave it to the captain of the Camilla. The Union seemed inevitable.

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howckel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B, She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.

august 6 3awtf

Negro Girl.

TO be disposed of, the time of a stout, healthy and active BLACK GIRL, who has above six years to serve,—Enquire of the Printer.

august 6. §

A SMALL QUANTITY OF

SPANISH INDIGO,

Just arrived—and for sale by

KEARNY WHARTON.

WHO HAS ON HAND,

French Brandy and Black Pepper.

To Rent,

A CONVENIENT STORE and COUNTING HOUSE, No. 111, South Water Street, and an excellent CELLAR near the Custom House.

August 6. dtf.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP

FAME,

EDWARD JONES, *Master,*

WILL sail with all convenient speed.—For freight or passage apply to

JOSEPH SIMS,

No. 174, South Third Street.

August 5. dtf.

To be Sold or Exchanged,

FOR Property within twelve miles of the City of Philadelphia, and on the Bristol Road;

A beautiful and very highly cultivated

FARM.

For particulars, see the office of C. Lebarbier du Plessis. No, 25 South Third Street.

June 29.

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

John Wilkins, Charles Wilkins, & Matthew Ernest, *vs.* Levi Munfell.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Foreign Attachment hath iſſued from the general Court of the territory North weſt oft he river Ohio, at the ſuit of John Wilkins, Charles Wilkins, and Matthew Ernſt, againſt the Lands and Tenements, Goods, Chattles and Effects, Rights and Credits of Levi Munſell, and that unleſs the ſaid Levi ſhall appear by himſelf or attorney and give ſpecial bail to anſwer the ſuit of the ſaid plaintiffs, Judgment will be entered againſt him by Default, and the property attached will be ſold for the ſatisfaction of all creditors who ſhall appear to be uſtly intitled to a demand thereon, and who ſhall apply for that purpoſe.

DANIEL SYMMES, Clerk of the General Court.

Cincinnati 21ſt Nov. 1798. } july 23

¶eo2w.

FOR SALE,

Glaſgow Works & Farm,

Situate in Montgomery county, about one mile and an half from Pottſtown.

THE Farm conſiſts of upwards of eight hundred acres of land, about two hundred and fifty of which is woodland; a large proportion excellent watered meadow, beſides clover fields, and a good orchard—There are about 125 acres of good wheat and rye now in the ground; 35 acres of indian corn and 15 of oats; from ſixty to ſeventy tons of hay are made annually; the fences have been repaired within the laſt three years with twelve thouſand new cheſnut rails, none of which were made on the place.

The Works conſiſt of a forge for the manufacturing of bar iron, well manned; a tilt hammer; a griſt mill with two pairs of ſtones, one pair of them burrs, with rolling ſcreen, &c. a ſaw mill, and Smith's ſhop, the whole in good order. There is a ſufficient ſtock of cord wood now coaling to ſupply the works for one year, and the Subſcriber will engage to furniſh within a convenient diſtance, as much more, to be cut next winter, making together two years ſtock from this time.

Near the works is the dwelling houſe large and roomy, and commanding an extenſive view; a barn, ſtables for a number of horſes, waſh, ſmoke, ice, and milk houſes, of ſtone; and two gardens incloſed with ſtone walls, with a ſufficient number of houſes for the accommodation of workmen, and a large ſtone coal houſe. There has alſo been lately built a two-ſtory ſtone dwelling houſe for a tenant who works part of the farm.

The purchaſer can be accommodated with waggons, horſes, and every other kind of ſtock, neceſſary for carrying on the buſineſs.

About one fifth of the purchaſe money will be wanted, and the remainder in yearly inſtalments.

The terms may be known by applying to Mr. *James Rowland*, no. 23, north Second ſtreet, or to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

JOSEPH POTTS, Junr.

july 3 3aw3w

TO BE SOLD,

TWO new frame two Story Houſes

pleaſantly ſituated near the Jolly Poſt-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each houſe, beſides a kitchen, two rooms on the firſt floor; three on the ſecond, with roomy garrats, all well finiſhed; there are alſo to each, a good garden lot, ſtable and coach houſe. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any perſons wiſhing to become purchaſers are requeſted to view the premiſes, and for terms apply to

JOHN McCLELLEN.

Frankford, July 13 eotf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates iſſued for ſubſcriptions to the Loan bearing intereſt at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment ſhall have been made of the 5th inſtalment, which will become due during the firſt ten days of the month of July enſuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treaſury or Loan Offices, reſpectively, for the amount of the four firſt inſtalments, or one moiety of the ſums expreſſed in the ſubſcription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be iſſued for leſs than one hundred dollars.

Such ſubſcription certificates as may be preſented at the Treaſury or Loan Offices in conſequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorſed and diſtinctly marked ſo as to denote, that a moety of the ſtock has been iſſued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of Congreſs, ſo much of the act entituled "An Act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, and Indents of Intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid Certificates, and Indents of Intereſt, at the Treaſury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the ſaid Indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid Certificates, prior to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the Treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid Certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the Acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury

june 28 1awtf

FOR SALE,

Pine Forge and Farm,

SITUATE in Douglas Townſhip, Berks county, about one mile and a half from the River Schuylkill, and five from Potts Town. The Farm contains three hundred and ſixty acres of land, about one hundred and twenty of which is wood land; twenty-five acres of meadow, ſixteen of which is watered, beſides clover fields; a very capital orchard containing upwards of two hundred apple trees.

The forge has four fires, two hammers, and four pair of bellows, is in complete order, having been lately repaired, and is capable of manufacturing two hundred and forty tons of bar iron annually.—Likewiſe, a ſaw Mill, ſmith ſhop, two coal houſes, and a ſufficient number of houſes to accommodate workmen, all in good order. On the premiſes are a two ſtory ſtone dwelling houſe and counting houſe ſtone barn and ſtables ſufficient for thirty horſes, a large grain barn, cow houſe, and every other building neceſſary for the uſe of the farm and works.

Alſo about five hundred acres of excellent cheſnut timber land from 3 to 5 miles from the works; which will be ſold either with the works or ſuperare, as may ſuit the purchaſer.

The purchaſer can be accommodated with waggons, horſes, and every other kind of ſtock neceſſary for carrying on the buſineſs.

The terms may be known by applying to JOHN CLEMENT STOCKER, Eſq merchant, Philadelphia, or to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

DAVID RUTTER.

july 25 w&ſtf

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED,

FROM the Marine Barracks, corner of Filbert and Thirteenth-ſtreets, in the City of Philadelphia, the 28th day of this inſtant Two Marines, by trade Tailors, one John Crawford (the ſecond time of his deſertion) five feet ſeven inches high, fair complexion, hair cut cloſe, dark eyes, ſlim built.—The other, Hilary Biſhop five feet ſix inches high, ruddy complexion, ſandy hair, a remarkable ringworm on the left of his lip.—(Went off in uniform.)

N. B. They took with them one brown cloth Coat, one blue cloth Coat, and many other articles not known at preſent.

W. W. BURROWS,
Major Commandant of Marine Corps

may 29

TO LET,

A convenient, genteel and roomy two story

BRICK HOUSE,

With a large yard, near the corner of Market and Sixth ſtreets.

Enquire at the Brewery, corner of Dock and Pear ſtreets, of

LUKE W. MORRIS.

july 27 3aw3w

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Jedidiah Snowden deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment to either of the ſubſcribers, and thoſe having any demands on the ſame to produce their accounts for ſettlement.

ANN SNOWDEN, Adminiſtratrix.
ROBERT SMITH, } Executors.
ISAAC SNOWDEN, }

july 8 2aw4w

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the Rev *Gilbert T. Snowden* deceaſed late of Cranberry in the State of New Jerſey, are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcriber, and thoſe having any demands on the ſame to produce their accounts for ſettlement.

ISAAC SNOWDEN, Adminiſtrator.

july 8 2aw4w

TO BE LET,

A Large Commodious Cellar,

Under Friends Meeting Houſe, in Keys' Alley.

Apply at

LEONARD SNOWDEN'S,
No. 130, North Front ſtreet.

7 mo: 6 eo4w

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

No. 80, Dock, near Third Street.

Has for Sale.

Coſſaes,
Baſtas,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Colicoes,
Patna
Romal and Mulmul } Handkerchiefs.

The foregoing goods are now to be ſold at

REDUCED PRICES,

N. B. Many of theſe Goods may be printed to advantage in this country.

may 16 3awtf

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennſylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the ſaid State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of ſaid State until the 1ſt September next incluſive, and that the ſubſcribers authoriſed by law will ſit as a Board at the ſaid Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unſatiſfied Claims already filed, as well as thoſe which may be filed on or before the ſaid firſt day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennſylvania, May 15, '99. } (16) d1w (m.w.ſa.tf)

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſa.tf

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the late *Joſeph Henry Faſper*, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and all perſons having demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to furniſh their accounts to the ſubſcriber.

Chriſtian Claudy, Admin'r.

july 15 w.&ſa. 3w

TERMS

Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,

FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT

Of the American War, in 1774, to the preſent time,

INCLUDING

The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now firſt permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in ſize, paper, and binding, will be obſerved throughout the work; ſo that, while the ſubſcribers become poſſeſſed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to ſubſcribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publiſher does not intend to print manmore than the number ſubſcribed for, a conſiderable riſe on the price may be expected to non-ſubſcribers.

Each volume will contain about one third leſs of letter-preſs than the original edition; but, as the publiſher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot aſcertain the number of volumes which will compriſe the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subſcribers will have it at their option, either to ſubſcribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the preſent time, or to thoſe only of the Old Congreſs prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are loſt in darkneſs and obſcurity, owing to a careleſsneſs, in the ſucceeding generation, to preſerve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in theſe rude ages, being called off from their domeſtic concerns, to engage in wars and conqueſt. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been tranſmitted to our days? Time, that deſtroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almoſt inеſtimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their aſſiſtance in tranſmitting to poſterity the labours of their anceſtors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will ſhow the ſupport it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June* 15, 1798.

"To the Honorable the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subſcribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Reſpectfully ſheweth,*

"That having, in our reſpective avocations, frequent occaſions to recur to the Journals of Congreſs, we experience inconvenience by the ſcarcity of them: That we underſtand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed proſecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, reſpectfully ſolicit, as the publication is neceſſary to be diſſeminated among public bodies, that Congreſs will, in their wiſdom, render him ſuch additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, ſo that your Memorialiſts may be enabled to purchaſe copies of that record for themſelves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samſom Levy, T. Roſs, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joſeph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompſon, Jared Ingerſoll, Jaſper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibſon, M. Keppele, Moſes Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander I. Dallas, Joſeph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crukſhank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Duulap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armſtrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, preſented to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for

"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, be authoriſed and directed, to ſubſcribe, on ſuch terms as they may deem eligible, for the uſe of the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congreſs, which are propoſed to be publiſhed by Richard Folwell and ſuch number of copies of deficient volumes of the ſets now in print, as may be neceſſary to complete the ſame.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

may 20. 1awtf

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the barracks at Reading, in the night of the 5th July, 1799, the following ſoldiers in the 11th regiment in the ſervice of the United States.

Thomas Britton Booth, a private, born in Cheſter county, 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches and 3-4 high, dark complexion, brown eyes and long black hair which he commonly wears tied cloſe to his head, by occupation a farmer; he is a ſtout, good looking fellow, and conſiderably marked with the ſmall pox, is much addicted to liquor, and very abuſive when intoxicated; he was dreſſed in full infantry uniform except his hat—It is expected that he will change his dreſs as he ſtole a plain round hat and a number of citizens' cloaths.

Alſo, *James M'Mullen*, born in the county of Antrim, in Ireland, 36 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches and 1-2 high, fair complexion, grey eyes, ſhort brown hair, which is very thin upon the crown of his head, of thin viſage and a very pleaſant countenance; by occupation a farmer, and was dreſſed in full infantry uniform.

The above reward and reaſonable expences will be paid to any perſon who ſhall apprehend and confine in any goal, or deliver to any officer in the ſervice of the United States, the above deſcribed deſerters, or ten dollars and expences for either of them.

LEWIS HOWARD,
Lieutenant 11th United States Regimen

Reading, july 7 (10)

TAKE NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber, having obtained Letters of Adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of John Morton, late of Cœcal County in the ſtate of Maryland, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are warned to exhibit the ſame with the vouchers thereof, on the 6th day of Auguſt next, at the town of Warwick, in ſaid county and ſtate, that a dividend of the aſſetts in hand, may be made agreeable to law.

REBECCA MORTON, Admin'x.

Warwich, July 2. [July 5] 3awt6A.

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,

NOW RUNNING BETWEEN

PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,

By the ſhort and pleaſant road of

Buſtleton, Newtown, Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populouſneſs of the country through which it paſſes, with ſundry other advantages, which render it ſo far preferable to the Old Road through Briſtol, Brunſwick, &c. long ago ſuggeſted the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough-Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the preſent year, a minute ſurvey of it has been taken, and its ſuperiority over the Old Road, both in winter and ſummer, has been clearly aſcertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the croſſing is performed with great ſafety and in leſs than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *ſeveral miles ſhorter* than the old road, but this is amongſt the leaſt of its advantages, becauſe daily experience proves to us, that diſpatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodneſs of the road and the levelneſs of the country, and, in theſe reſpects, the New Road is, beyond all compariſon, the beſt. It preſents none of thoſe rocky hills, which render the Old Road ſo fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The ſoil, too, for the greater part, is ſuch as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little duſt in ſummer, which circumſtance, added to the beauty of the country, and a conſiderable proportion of ſhade, muſt always render travelling in the latter ſeaſon peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure ſtarts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, oppoſite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth ſtreet. It goes through Frankford to Buſtleton, where it ſtops to Breakfaſt; from Buſtletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Millſtone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it ſtops at Springfield to breakfaſt, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it ſtarts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For ſeats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee houſe, to A. Mathieu, corner of Naſſau and John ſtreets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich ſtreet, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad ſtreet.

Fare for paſſengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way paſſengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each paſſenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a paſſenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With reſpect to packages ſent on without paſſengers, the proprietors preſume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of ſtages, they think muſt meet with general approbation, They pledge themſelves to make good every package on the following conditions. The perſon who delivers the package at the office ſhall ſee it entered in the ſtage-book, for which entry he ſhall pay 6 cents; he will then ſtate the value of the package, and pay (excluſive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as inſurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for inſtance, if he eſtimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent. and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar inſurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few perſons it is preſumed, will diſlike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himſelf of this ſecurity or not. But the proprietors think it right to ſtate very explicitly, that they will be reſponſible for the ſafe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an inſurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the diſtribution of the route, the greateſt care has been taken to fix on ſuch places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the paſſengers at the moſt reaſonable rates The ſtages are well equipped furniſhed with fleet and ſteady horſes, and committed to the care of intelligent ſober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themſelves live at the different towns and villages where the ſtages will ſtop, ſo that the conduct of the perſons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care alſo to ſee that the paſſengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no ſort of chicanery or inſolence is practiſed upon them; in ſhort, they have ſpared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very beſt line of ſtages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every paſſenger has found the road to ſurpaſs very far all that has been ſaid of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviou, of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns ſpoken of with the higheſt ſatisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Buſtleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Millſtone.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURT, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

June 22. eod tf.

Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Officers and Crew of the Conſtellation will receive their prize money for the Frigate L'Inturgent, by calling on CHARLES BIDDLE, No. 243, Market-ſtreet, or

HENRY BENBRIDGE.

july 12 d1m

An excellent Stand for Buſineſs

FOR SALE,

And poſſeſſion immediately given.

THAT valuable ſtand for buſineſs at the head of Cheſter, Kent county, Maryland conſiſting of a brick ſtore-houſe, 20 feet by 60, two ſtories high, three rooms on a floor, well apportioned for buſineſs, two twenty feet rooms for the reception of grain, and a counting room, and three rooms for goods, with an excellnet cellar under the whole, compleatly garnered off for ſalt and pickling pork, with a log corn crib adjoining, 10 feet by 40—This ſtand is ſituated in the handſomeſt and moſt advantageous part of the town for buſineſs and the proſpect of returning good crops of wheat in the country around the head of Cheſter ſtill tend to make it more deſirable to thoſe inclining to purchaſe.

For terms, apply to meſſrs. *Levi Hollingsworth & Son*, Philadelphia, or the ſubſcribers near the premiſes,

GEORGE V. M'CANN
W. THOMAS.

P S—If the above property is not ſold in three months from this date, it will be rented.

July 9 d8w

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Rendezvous, corner of Front and South Street, on the 21ſt inſtant, GEORGE GALLAGHER, born in Doe-run Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, aged 22 years and 3 months, five feet nine and a half inches high, ſwarthy complexion, black eyes, his hair is black and grey mixed, has the dialect of a Cheſter county man. He had neither coat or waiſtcoat on when he went off, has been employed as a Laborer about this city. Whoever apprehends ſaid Deſerter and delivers him to me at the Rendezvous in this city, or at Head Quarters in Briſtol, ſhall receive the above reward.

SAM. R. FRANKLIN,
Lieutenant 10th U.S. Regiment.

july 24 d3w

WILLIAM COBBETT

HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)

THE

BAVIAD

AND

MÆVIAD.

By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.

To which is prefixed,

A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR

By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dreſs proportioned to its diſtinguiſhed merit, and to the taſte of thoſe for whoſe amuſement and delight it is intended. No expence has been ſpared in the publication; and I flatter myſelf that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever publiſhed in America.—This edition has an advantage over ſome former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epiſtle*, which is prefixed to it, and which muſt be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taſte to admire, the juſtice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuſes of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been ſent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, alſo to *Mr. Hill, Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleſton.*

Copies will be ſent to *Boſton* and other places, as ſoon as occaſions offer.]

may 28

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having aſſigned over all his effects, real, perſonal and mixed, to the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors as may ſubſcribe to the ſaid aſſignment on or before the firſt of Auguſt next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, that they are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the aſſignees or to the ſaid Samuel Miles, who is authoriſed to receive the ſame; in failure whereof legal ſteps will be taken for the recovery of ſuch debts, as are not diſcharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS,
JOHN ALLEN, } Aſſignees

feb. 14. 3awtf

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately iſſued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Eſſex, in the ſtate of New Jerſey, directed to the ſheriff of the ſaid county, againſt the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattles, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the ſuit of *William Wells*, in a plea of treſpaſs on the caſe to his damage three thouſand dollars;—

And whereas, the ſaid ſheriff did, at the term of June laſt paſt, return to the ſaid court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the ſaid defendant, to the amount of near two thouſand dollars, and alſo by ſixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unleſs the ſaid John Cleves Symmes ſhall appear, give ſpecial bail, and receive a declaration at the ſuit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered againſt him, and his property herein attached, will be ſold agreeably to the ſtatute in ſuch caſe made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk*, &
Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) aw C.

A beautiful Country Seat, for Sale

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware joining lands of Matthias Siplet and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Briſtol.

The buildings conſiſt of a new two ſtory Frame Houſe and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the Houſe, a Pump of excellent water, alſo a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be ſold with the premiſes, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly ſhore at the river, the water ſtages for Burlington paſs every day in the ſummer ſeaſon, and the land ſtages for New-York within half a mile; any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms of ſale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-ſtreet, or No. 161, South Second-ſtreet.

june 1.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO*